MAY. 1780. THE NUMB. 2607.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE,

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1780.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.

ON Tuesday last his Excellency the President of the State reviewed the Militia of the city and the adjoining districts. The Artillery, Infantry and Light Horse, together, amounted to Two Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty. The whole made a very handsome appearance, and gave the highest satisfaction to the Friends of Liberty and the Independence of America. Major General St. Clair, Major General Wayne, and other Gentlemen of the army were present: And the Citizens under arms were peculiarly gratified with the presence of his Excellency the Chevalier de la Luzerne, Minister of France, who has on all occasions shewn the closest attention to the interest and honour of America, and on the present occasion expressed great pleasure at the martial appearance of the Militia.

The PRESIDENT of the State with pleasure embraces the first public opportunity to thank the Gentlemen of the TROOP of LIGHT HORSE, of ARTILLERY and INFANTRY MILITIA, for their numerous and military appearance last Tuesday—so respectable a Body of Citizens armed in defence of AMERICAN LIBERTY, after five years *cruel war* waged against it, must afford true delight to every lover of his country, and strike our enemies, both internal and external, with despair. The spirit and attention shewn by the officers in so short a time since their appointment, is a most happy omen of their future improvement and success, and we may justly flatter ourselves, that their example will diffuse its influence through the whole State, combining the three great qualities which constitute the Patriot Soldier, Courage, Discipline, and an Ardent Love of his Country.

John Smith and Robert Smith, charged with the murder of Mr. Boyd, a Collector of the county of Chester, are taken and secured in the Goal of this City. The vigilance of the good people of Freehold, in New-Jersey, on this occasion does them honor, and particularly the Sheriff of Monmouth county, David Foreman, Esq; whose son, a youth of nineteen, after receiving the fire of Robert Smith, at twenty yards distance, took them both, and drove them before him to the guard.

BOARD of TRUSTEES of the UNIVERSITY.
MAY the 24th, 1780.

Ordered,

THAT a PUBLIC COMMENCEMENT be held in the Hall of the University in this city, on Thursday the twenty-second day of June next. That Public Notice thereof be given, and Gentlemen entitled to Degrees in the University be desired to make known their claims to the Board, before the day of Commencement.

By order of the Board,
T. MATLACK.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, Wholesale or Retail, by

HALL and SELLERS,

At the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, *opposite the Jersey-Market,*
A neat EDITION of

THE NEW TESTAMENT,

Printed on a good Type, and exceeding good Paper.
At same Place may be had.
DILWORTH's SPELLING BOOKS, PRIMERS, WATTS's PSALMS and HYMNS, &c.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN away from the subscriber, on the 11th inst. May, a Brown MARE COLT, about 13 hands high, a long tail a little shorn, no white on her whole body, a natural pacer, no brand mark, and in very good order. Whoever brings the said colt to the subscriber, living on Charles Thomson's place, at the three mile run, 3 miles from Philadelphia, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ MICHAEL STOUT.

ONE Hundred Dozen of Grass and Cradling SCYTHES and SICKLES is now finishing for the ensuing harvest, will be Sold wholesale and retail, warranted or unwarranted good.

Made by THOMAS GOUCHER, Scythe and Sickle-maker, at the sign of the Scythe and Sickle, next door to the sign of the Black-Horse Tavern in Market-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, Philadelphia.

N. B. A young stout NEGROE to be sold, has had the small-pox. Enquire as above. * 6 w.

NOTICE is hereby given to *Samuel Mitchell* and *Robert Maxfield*, of Little-Britain township, Lancaster county, that their NEGROES and MULATTO are taken up and confined in the Work-house in Philadelphia: They are hereby desired to come, pay charges (agreeable to their advertisement) and take them away, by TULIP MAY, living in Pewter-Platter-Alley, Philadelphia. *

WAS stolen from the fishery, near the mouth of Tyhukan creek, on the Delaware, in the night of the 13th instant May, seven barrels salt SHAD, the property of the United States; the barrels are made of Black Oak Staves. Any person giving information to the subscriber, shall receive FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

¶ WILLIAM M'CALLA, C. P. B. C.

Just PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
STYNER & CIST,
Printers, in Second-street, four doors above Race-street, Philadelphia,

A Regular ENGLISH SYNTAX.

Wherein is exhibited the whole variety of ENGLISH CONSTRUCTION, properly exemplified.

To which is added the elegant manner of arranging words, and members of sentences.

The whole reduced to practice, for the use of private young Gentlemen and Ladies, as well as of our most eminent Schools.

BY JAMES BUCHANAN.

FROM THE MONTHLY REVIEW.

THIS is an useful and judicious performance. We have met with nothing as well calculated to teach inaccurate writers to write better; and we therefore recommend it, not without hopes that it will save us both trouble and disgust.

The *Critical Review*, in giving the character of this performance, concludes with the following words: "These are observations by which the greatest writer may profit; and Mr. BUCHANAN has given us several just animadversions upon the works of our most celebrated authors; for which, were they now alive, they certainly would or ought to thank him. Correctness is not always the characteristic of a great genius, and this grammarian proves it in many flagrant instances."

DR. RYAN's incomparable worm destroying SUGAR PLUMBS, necessary to be kept in all families; so exceedingly valued by all people who have had of them in Great-Britain and Ireland, for their transcendent excellency in the destroying worms of all kinds, both in the bodies of men, women and children, by not only breaking the knots in the duodenum, or gut next to the stomach, but they pass through the smallest passages of the body, and purge away those ropy and slimy humours, which are the cause of those pernicious vermin, and the source of many other disorders; they are one of the best purges in the whole world for gross-bodied children, that are apt to breed worms, and have large bellies; their operation is mild, safe and pleasant; they wonderfully cleanse the bowels of all stiff and clammy humours which stop up the parts, and prevent the juice of food from being conveyed to the liver and made blood, which is often the case with children, and is attended with a hard belly, stinking breath, frequent fevers, rickets, and a decay of strength in the lower parts: Likewise settled aches and pains in the head, swellings, old sores, scabs, tetters, or breakings out, will be perfectly cured, and the blood and skin restored to its original purity and smoothness; they purge by urine, and bring away the gravel, and effectually cure all obstructions of the urine, or ulcers in the kidneys. They at once strike at the true cause of the scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all scorbutic humours and effects, root and branch, so as never to return again; and what makes them more commendable is, they are full as agreeable to both taste and sight, as loaf sugar; and in their operation as innocent as new milk.

I have by these Plumbs cured a great many children of whooping or chin coughs and agues, which distempers are very common and troublesome to families, and the want of these Plumbs are the ruin of many childrens constitutions,

These Plumbs enrich and sweeten the whole mass of blood, carry off all gross, corrupt and putrid humours, and create a fresh and healthy complexion in such as are affected by any putrid matter.

The Plumb is a great diuretic, cleansing the reins of slime: It expels wind, and is a sovereign medicine in the cholic and griping of the guts. It allays and carries off sour vapours, which occasion many disorders in the head. It opens all obstructions in the stomach, lungs, liver, reins and bladder, causes a good appetite, and helps digestion. It hath been found wonderfully successful to such persons as are going into chronical distempers, as asthmas, phtisics, or shortness of breath, dropsies and yellow jaundice. Now I hope all impartial persons are satisfied, that the medicine which works upon such humours, will almost reach any distemper, if not too far gone, since corruption and putrefaction are the fore-runners of all diseases; therefore no better physic can be taken for all ages, sexes and constitutions, from infancy to an old age. These Plumbs are highly serviceable to the Female Sex, from the age of 14 to 20 years, and from 40 to 50. Each box contains one dozen of these Plumbs, with printed directions given with each box. SOLD by

NICHOLAS BROOKS,

In Philadelphia, at his dry goods, picture and jewellery SHOP, in Second-street, the fourth door above Black-Horse Alley.

SIGNS OF WORMS.

Paleness in the face, itching of the nose, hollowness of the eyes, grating of the teeth when asleep, dulness, pains and heaviness in the head, a dry cough, an itching in the fundament, white and thick urine, unquiet sleep, often starting, lost appetite, swelled belly, gnawing and biting about the stomach, frightful dreams, extreme thirsts, the body decayed and lean, fits, often vomiting, stinking breath.

Likewise may be had, Keyser's famous pills, Hungarian oil, or the cripple curing oil, Haarlem oil, Bateman's drops, asthmatic elixir, and most kinds of capital medicines, &c. &c. ¶

WILLIAM SITGREAVES,

Has removed his store from his late dwelling-house in Market-street, to the west side of Third street, the fifth door above Market-street, and two doors below Mr. Jeremiah Warder's, where he has for sale by wholesale, a neat assortment of GOODS, consisting as follows,

INDIA nankeens; yard wide and 7-8ths Irish linens; German dowlas; ditto platillas; German Brittannias; ozenbrigs; Holland stripes; checks; light and dark ground cottons, calicoes and chintz; Barcelona, bandanoe and silk romal handerkerchiefs; cotton and linen ditto; black and white modes; sattins; blue and black ell wide persians; black, white, blue, green, red and pink half yard persians; black, white, blue, green, red and pink half ell, 3-qrs. and yd. wd. tarsnets; mantuas; mock marseilles; yd. wd. diaper and drawboys; book, clow and jaconet muslins; black and white, figured and plain gauzes; cambricks and lawns; gauze handkerchiefs; a great variety of ribbands; sewing silk; womens black and white silk mitts; Scotch, stitching and coloured threads; blue and green moreens; mens, womens and childrens worsted hose; womens worsted mitts; table cloths and napkins; rattinets and serges; blue, brown and drab broadcloths; brown and green half-thicks; quality and coat bindings; best scarf twist; tapes and bobbins; mens black breeches pieces; writing paper; English pins; knives and forks; single and double bolted padlocks; desk, cupboard, chest, case, box and stock locks; brass furniture for bureaus; iron and brass desk, cupboard, side, butt, table, chest, H and HL hinges; brass picture hooks, and cloak pins; files of various sorts; shoemakers tacks and awlblades; wood screws, screw pullies and marking-irons; claw hammers; Barlow and other penknives; pocket ditto; scissars and razors; thimbles; shoe chapes; shoe and knee buckles; needles; an elegant assortment of blue and white and enamelled china bowls; hyson and green tea; coffee and chocolate; loaf sugar; pepper; indigo by the cask or smaller quantity, &c. &c. &c.

Fifteen Hundred Dollars Reward.

RUN away, on the 16th of October last, from the subscriber, living near the Trap in St Georges Hundred, New-Castle County, a Negroe man, named BILL, about 24 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, strait and well made, a right jet black complexion, and speaks good English. He formerly belonged to the estate of Samuel Vance, deceased. It is thought he has an old pass of his father's, who has travelled over most parts of the continent. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, so that he may be had again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

¶ ABEL MILES, or WILLIAM WORKMAN.

Northampton county, May 13, 1780.

WHEREAS the estates of William Thomas, and Joseph Romig, late of said county, having been in due course of law forfeited and seized to the use of this State, I the subscriber, one of the Agents for the said county, do hereby give notice, that the estates of the said William Thomas, and Joseph Romig, consisting of the following, viz. William Thomas, a plantation, situate in Penn township, containing about 174 acres, a large stone house, and other buildings thereon, all in good order; also a tract of land, adjoining to the above mentioned, containing about 152 acres, all late the property of said Thomas. Joseph Romig, a plantation, in Macungee township, containing about 125 acres, a dwelling-house, and other buildings thereon; the land is equal in quality with any in the county; all which will be sold by public vendue, at the Court-house at Easton, on the 22d day of June next.

The terms of sale will be according to law, as follows, viz. one fourth part of the purchase money to be paid in ten days after the sale, or the premises again to revert to the State, the bidder liable to forfeit the said one fourth of the purchase money; the remainder thereof to be paid in one month, and on a certificate being produced from the Agent, of full payment of the purchase money, a deed will be given as by law directed.

And I the Agent do also, pursuant to law, hereby notify all the claimants of the the said premises, or any of them, and creditors of said William Thomas and Joseph Romig, to exhibit their claims and demands to the Justices of the Supreme Court, within the time limited by law, or they will be for ever barred from the recovery thereof.

And to prevent all difficulties in respect to payment of the said purchase money, the Agent will receive the first payment at his dwelling-house in Whitehall township, on the first day of July, and the remainder on the 22d day of July next; no purchase money will be received after the said days, but the premises again taken in possession, and sold for the benefit of this Commonwealth.

STEPHEN BALLIET, one of the Agents.

Earl township, Lancaster county, May 12.

RUN AWAY, the 12th day of this instant (May) from the subscriber, A servant man, named NATHANIEL BUFFINGTON, about 5 feet 6 inches high; had on a snuff coloured linsey coat, the fore part lined with tow linen, the fore part of the jacket of the same with the coat, the back part of brown cloth, a drab cloth overhawls, a pair of half worn pumps and steel buckles, an old felt hat, coarse shirt; about 19 years old. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him home to his master, or secures him in any goal so as his master may have him again, shall have ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, and all reasonable charges, paid by WILLIS DAVIS. *

The PARIS ACCOUNT of D'Eſtaign's ATTEMPT upon SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA.

From the PARIS GAZETTE, *of Jan. 7.*

SUMMARY *of the Operations of the King's ſquadron, commanded by the Count d'Eſtaign, Vice Admiral of France, after the taking of Grenada, and the naval engagement off that iſland with Admiral Byron's ſquadron.*

A DETACHMENT of the King's ſhips and frigates, under the orders of Captain de Suffren, went to make the iſlands of Curiacou and Union capitulate, and received the oath of allegiance of the inhabitants. The Sieur Montet, Governor of the iſland of St. Vincent, performed the ſame operation in the iſlands of Becouya; the ſurrender of the other little Grenadines followed immediately that of the principal iſlands.

The 22d of July the King's ſquadron appeared before St. Chriſtopher's, where the Engliſh ſquadron was at anchor under the batteries in the road. The Engliſh Admiral did not think proper to accept the battle.

After remaining two days before St. Chriſtopher's, the King's ſquadron ſailed for St. Domingo with the trading fleet of the French Windward-Iſlands.

The Count d'Eſtaign diſpatched all theſe ſhips to Europe, which were joined by thoſe of the Leeward-Iſlands, under the protection of the ſhips le Protecteur and le Fier, and the frigates la Minerve and l'Alcmene.

With the remainder of his ſquadron he ſteered for the coaſts of the continent of America. A gale of wind he met with the 2d of September, whilſt at anchor before the mouth of Savannah, prevented his going up more northward. Moſt of his ſhips were diſabled, and five of them had their rudders broken.

The repair of the King's ſhips required a conſiderable time in a country where naval ſtores are hard to be come at. That circumſtance decided the Count d'Eſtaing to undertake the ſiege of Savannah with the troops he had on board his ſhips, which were joined by 2000 men from the United States of North-America, under the command of General Lincoln.

The French troops conſiſted of 2823 Europeans, draughted from the regiments of Armagnac, Champagne, Auxerrois, Agenois, Garinois, Cambreſis, Haynault, Foix, Dillon, Walſh, le Cap, la Gaudeloupe, la Martinique, and Port-au-Prince, including a detachment of the Royal corps of artillery, another of the Royal corps of infantry of the marine, the volunteers of Valbelle, the dragoons and 156 volunteer grenadiers, lately raiſed at Cape Francois. The coloured troops conſiſted of 545 volunteer Chaſſeurs, mulattoes and negroes, newly raiſed at St. Domingo.

The total of the troops of the beſiegers, including the 2000 Americans, amounted to 5524 men.

The Engliſh had in Savannah 3085 Engliſh European troops, 80 Cherokee ſavages and 4000 negroes; the total of the troops of the beſieged was 7165 men, under the command of General Prevoſt.

The 15th of September, the Engliſh General was ſummoned to ſurrender the place, and on his refuſal the ſiege was begun; it was carried on with as much vigour as the ſmall number of workmen would admit of. The enemy made a ſally the 24th of September, and were repulſed with loſs, and the Sieur O'Dun purſued them as far as their entrenchments.

The impoſſibility of continuing a ſiege in form, againſt ſuperior forces, decided the Count d'Eſtaing to order the attack on the entrenchments the 9th of October. The enemy, being informed by deſerters of the plan of the attack, had prepared their defence on the ſide intended to be ſurprized.

The French and American troops attacked with the greateſt vigour, and returned three times to the charge; but the ſuperiority of numbers forced them to give way.

The ſeaſon was too far advanced for the Count d'Eſtaing to hope he could terminate the operations of a ſiege; he was afraid leſt one of thoſe gales, ſo frequent on the coaſt of Georgia, ſhould drive his ſhips out of the road, and oblige him to put to ſea, in order to ſave them, and thus abandon the troops employed in the expedition. He reſolved to raiſe the ſiege; the retreat was made in the beſt order, and without being moleſted.

The King's troops re-embarked the 20th of October; only two days after the rudders of the ſhips could be repaired and placed.

The greateſt union has ſubſiſted between the combined forces.

The Count de Dillon, the Viſcount de Noailles, the Marquis de Pont de Naux, the Baron de Steding, the Viſcount de Fontanges, Colonel, and the Sieur O'Dun, Lieutenant-Colonel, particularly diſtinguiſhed themſelves in an operation, as painful by the fatigues of a ſervice rendered continual by the ſmall number of men, as it was glorious for them, by the dangers to which they were perpetually expoſed, and by the different manœuvres with which they were charged.

The Chevalier de Trolong du Rumain, and the Count de Chaſtenet de Puyſegur, have proved, by conducting the King's lighter la Truite under the very batteries of the town of Savannah, that an armed ſloop, laden with artillery of the calibre of 12, too ſtrong for its pattern, could back itſelf againſt land batteries of the largeſt calibre.

Total of the killed, 15 officers, and 168 ſubalterns and ſoldiers.

Total of the wounded, 43 officers, and 411 ſubalterns and ſoldiers.

By the Carteret Packet, Capt. Newman, arrived at New-York, in five weeks and four days from Falmouth, we have the following advices.

H A G U E, March 23.

SIR Joſeph Yorke, Ambaſſador extraordinary from his Britannic Majeſty, preſented a memorial to the States General on the 21ſt inſt. which, after a recapitulation of many matters that had been partly urged in former memorials and ſome other repreſentations, concludes thus:

"His Majeſty has ordered the under written to declare "to your High Mightineſſes in a manner the moſt amica- "ble, and at the ſame time the moſt ſerious, that if, con- "trary to his juſt expectations, your High Mightineſſes do "not, in the term of three weeks from the day of the "date of this memorial, give a ſatisfactory anſwer relative "to the ſhips which were claimed eight months ago, his "Majeſty regarding ſuch conduct as an abandoning of the "alliance on the part of your High Mightineſſes, ſhall no "longer conſider the United Provinces on any other foot- "ing than that of other neutral powers, not privileged by "treaties; and conſequently will, without further delay, "ſuſpend proviſionally, and till further orders, with re- "gard to their ſubjects, all the particular ſtipulations of "the treaties between the two nations, eſpecially thoſe of "of the treaty of 1774, and will adhere ſolely to the ge- "neral principles of the law of nations, which ought to "ſerve as a rule between neutral powers not particularly "privileged.

Signed, "The CHEVALIER YORKE.

"Done at the Hague, March 21, 1780."

L O N D O N, March 31.

A gentleman of eminence in the political world, lately arrived from Holland, had two ſeveral conferences with Lord Hillſborough and Lord Stormont, at the Secretary of State's office, laſt week; and on Thurſday the ſame perſon was introduced to a great man in the cloſet.

A private letter from Cadiz mentions, that they have a number of tranſports which are taking in proviſions, and are to ſail with their fleet the middle of April, but where deſtined is not known.

Yeſterday morning notice was given to the ſhips in the river, bound to Quebec and other places in America, to get round to Portſmouth as faſt as poſſible, as the convoy was to ſail the firſt fair wind after the 10th of April.

The natives of England, who are in Holland, are treated with the greateſt reſpect; and ſeveral letters, which have been received, all ſpeak of the manifeſt uneaſineſs of perſons of ſpeculation and property relative to the affair of Commodore Fielding. Thoſe who have no caſh in the Britiſh funds have the ſame alarms as thoſe who have, from a commercial line of connection reciprocally dependent on the credit of depoſits in the Engliſh banks.

The French have permitted ſome of their beſt and moſt experienced engineers to go over into the American ſervice. Among them is the celebrated Cerenzo, a Neapolitan by birth, who has been in the pay of France upwards of thirty years.

April 1. It is generally conjectured that one of the ſquadrons now fitting out for ſea, will actually ſail for Gibraltar, as well to convoy the Levant trade as to protect the ſeveral homeward bound ſhips in the different ports of the Mediterranean, who have been waiting for convoy for ſeveral months.

The Lords of the Admiralty have confirmed the Captains and other officers in their appointments in the captures of the Spaniſh and French men of war, given them, as due to their merit, by the Admirals Rodney and Digby; and alſo the officers appointed to the Britiſh ſhips in lieu of them ſo promoted.

His Royal Highneſs Prince William Henry will paſs for a Lieutenant before the Comptroller of the navy, &c. the firſt board day after the holidays; and we are informed that he will be appointed ſixth Lieutenant in the Prince George, and do duty in the fleet as ſuch for at leaſt a year before he is appointed Poſt Captain.

We are informed that there are accounts arrived in town within theſe few days from America, which ſignify that Congreſs are in ſpeedy expectation of a large body of French troops, which are to co-operate with their army in attempting the conqueſt of Quebec this ſummer.

April 4. An expreſs was yeſterday ſent down to Portſmouth to ſtop the ſailing of the fleet for the Weſt-Indies, under Commodore Walſingham, till the ſhips that are equipping to form a ſquadron (to be commanded by Admiral Graves) are ready to ſail.

Inſurances to a very large amount are now making on Dutch ſhips and merchandizes, as well homeward as outward bound.

Orders are ſent off to Cork, Dublin, and other ports of Ireland, for all the ſailors which have been procured for his Majeſty's ſervice, to be immediately ſent round to Portſmouth.

By the new works lately erected at Plymouth, Portſmouth, and Sheerneſs, our dock yards are now rendered perfectly ſecure from any ſudden attacks of the enemy.

Two large floating batteries are now getting ready in the river, one of which is to lie off Margate, for the better protection of that part of the Kentiſh coaſt.

Extract of a letter from Paris, by way of Oſtend, March 12.

"The moſt extenſive preparations ever remembered are now making in this kingdom. Were France at war with all the powers on the globe, more vigor could not be exerted. A new body of militia is talked of, to be formed for the ſervice of the enſuing ſummer; their number is ſtated at 15,000, and they are to do duty in camp with the ſeveral regiments on the ſea coaſts; but ſhould any embarkations take place, theſe laſt are not to be reckoned among them. Expreſſes are very frequent between our Court and Madrid, as well as from our Ambaſſador at the Hague."

From the St. CHRISTOPHER's GAZETTE.

B A S S E T E R R E, April 28, 1780.

Since our laſt we have received the following particulars of the action between Sir George Brydges Rodney, and the Count de Guichen, on Monday the 17th inſtant.

L I N E O F B A T T L E,

The Stirling Caſtle to lead on the ſtarboard tack, and the Magnificent on the larboard.

Ships.	Guns.	Commanders.
Stirling Caſtle,	64	Capt. Carkett.
Ajax,	74	Uvedale.
Elizabeth,	74	Truſcott,
Princeſs Royal,	90	Rear Admiral Parker,
		Capt. Blair.
Albion,	74	Bowyer.
Terrible,	74	Douglas. †
Trident,	64	Molloy.
Grafton,	74	Newnham.
Yarmouth,	64	Bateman.
Cornwall,	74	Edwards.
Sandwich,	98	Admiral Rodney,
		Capt. Young.
Suffolk,	74	Collingwood.
Boyne,	68	Sawyer.
Vigilant,	74	Sir George Home.
Vengeance,	74	Hon. Capt. Maitland.
Medway,	64	Affleck.
Montague,	64	Houlton.
Conqueror,	74	Rear Admiral Rowley,
		Capt. Harmond.
Intrepid,	64	St. John.
Magnificent,	74	Elphinſton.

† Capt. Douglaſs is brother to the late R. Douglaſs, Eſq;

Subſtance of a Letter from on board the Sandwich, dated April 20.

"On Friday the 14th, the French fleet got out, conſiſting of 23 ſhips of the line, one fifty gun ſhip, four frigates, and ſix ſloops and luggers.---On Saturday the 15th, purſued them, and got ſight of ſome of them in the evening. Sunday the 16th at noon we got ſight of the whole, and purſued them all that afternoon. The 17th was ſpent till one o'clock, P. M. in manœuvering. The engagement then began, and was continued by the Sandwich till four o'clock.

"She drove two ſhips out of the line, and, unſupported, compelled the French Admiral and his two ſeconds to leave her an immoveable wreck.—Molloy behaved well.—Parker fought bravely in the Princeſs Royal, and ſpoke handſomely of the Terrible's behaviour.—Some others exerted themſelves. But in others there was a langour, a want of diſcipline and exertion, that diſgraces the ſervice. Bateman is under arreſt. Pity it is that ſo noble an opportunity of determining the fate of the war ſhould be ſo murdered. Admiral Parker ſpoke in raptures of our Admiral's diſpoſition of the fleet. His conduct was intrepid, determined and cool. But his ſeconds! ! ! ! ! ! and, had not his ſhip's company behaved better than men, he muſt have ſunk under the attack. Sir George has changed the line of battle, and makes no ſecret of his cenſures. This minute (ſunſet) a ſignal is made for a ſail, which we hope is part of the French fleet.

"We are now, from being a mere wreck, by a moſt wonderful exertion, fit for a ſecond action, and fondly hope we ſhall find them out again to-morrow. We believe the enemy incapable of going on any ſervice for ſome time, and that ſeveral of them muſt have bore up for Cape Francois. The le Fier, of 50, and the Bordeaux, of 36 guns, ſailed with a convoy thither about April 11th. Capt. Ferguſon was ſo much fretted at the event of the 17th, that he is determined not to ſail in a frigate again, to be only a ſpectator. You may depend on an active Admiral and General. General Vaughan is on board with us. I have great expectations from his conduct. I have literally eſcaped from ſhot, fire and water; for our ſhip was on fire, and for 24 hours we could with difficulty keep her free of water. Notwithſtanding this undeciſive action, I hope for every thing.

P. S. "We certainly have the French fleet in ſight, prepare yet for great news."

Subſtance of a Letter from Antigua, April 22.

"As I know you are fond of having the earlieſt intelligence of the motions of the army and navy, I ſit down to inform you, that, on the 17th inſtant, Sir George Brydges Rodney had the good fortune to fall in with the French fleet, commanded by Count de Guichen, in the Couronne of 80 guns, off Martinico. That they fought deſperately for four hours, when the fortune of the day, thanks to God, turned to our ſide, and we triumphantly purſued the flying foe. We have had much blood ſpilt on our ſide, but we are in ſome meaſure conſoled by a certainty of a far greater number of the enemy being killed than of our friends. We had 114 killed, and 311 wounded. For your ſatisfaction, I ſend you a liſt of the ſhips, with the number of the killed and wounded, which you may depend on as authentic, and after you have peruſed it, I will be obliged to you to forward it to Mr. Howe the Printer.

"When the expreſs came off the 19th, Admiral Rodney was in chaſe of 14 ſail of the French line, and we hope that by this time ſome of them have Engliſh colours flying on board them."

A return of the killed and wounded on board of the Britiſh fleet.

Ships.	Killed.	Wounded.
Stirling Caſtle,	4	34
Ajax,	4	13
Elizabeth,	9	15
Princeſs Royal,	5	14
Albion,	3	2
Terrible,	0	0
Trident,	14	26
Grafton,	3	15
Yarmouth,	5	15
Cornwall,	21	48
Sandwich,	18	35
Suffolk,	0	12
Boyne,	2	0
Vigilant,	0	1
Vengeance,	1	6
Medway,	2	3
Montague,	9	26
Conqueror,	13	36
Intrepid,	0	0
Magnificent,	1	10
Total,	114	311

Officers killed. Hon. Capt. St. John, with his firſt and ſecond Lieutenants, in the Intrepid. Lieut. Maclean, of the Sandwich. Lieut. Wigmore, of the Medway. 5.

Wounded. Capt. Houlton, Capt. Caſey, of the marines, Capt. Ogle, of the 87th, and Lieut. Cockran, all of the Montague. Capt. Newnham, with the third and fifth Lieutenants, of the Grafton. Lieut. Smith, of the Sandwich, and Lieut. Harriott, of the marines, in the Elizabeth.

The Fame of 74 was previous to the action condemned, and made a floating battery at the mouth of the Carenage, at St. Lucia.

Report ſupplies us with the following particulars; when the Admiral found he was not ſupported as he ought to have been in ſo dreadful and unequal an attack, he thought of retiring out of the line, as it was impoſſible to make any impreſſion againſt the Couronne of 80 guns and two of 74. When his people heard of his reſolution, they inſtantly joined with the ardour of Britiſh Tars, ſaying, D---n their eyes if they would handle a rope or a handſpike in getting the ſhip out of the line, as it was better for them all to go down together like loving meſſmates, than give the Mounſeers ſuch a triumph over their fine ſhip, D-----n their limbs.

A Gentleman from Statia, who was with the Governor when a French Capt. called to enter, being aſked how the two fleets fared, anſwered, he did not know the ſtate of either, but that he ſaw 735 wounded landed before he left Guadaloupe, and only a part of the French fleet arrived there. From this we may conclude their loſs muſt have been very conſiderable.

Let the enemy gaſconade as uſual, but they muſt allow that our Admiral with 98 guns defeated, and forced to run away ſhips that carried 228 guns, 130 guns difference, and he is in purſuit of them.

B O S T O N, *May* 15.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Philadelphia, to his friend in this town, April 29.

"Exchange lowers here—money appreciates—goods fall. I have the fulleſt conviction that the reſolutions of Congreſs of the 18th of March ult. are right. They will do more good than all that has been attempted hitherto. I am ſure if the Legiſlatures do but apprehend them rightly, they will come into the plan."

Yeſterday arrived a letter of marque brig called the Phœnix, Captain Hallet, from Grenada, in 18 days, and brought in with him a prize ſhip of 6 carriage guns, from Port au Port, bound to New-York, laden with 200 pipes beſt red and white wines, and 300 boxes lemmons, taken a few days ago.—Captain Hallet informs, that the two

grand fleets in the West-Indies consist of 21 sail of the line each, and that just before he sailed an action took place, in which the English had near 150 killed and wounded; but can give no further particulars.

Last Friday were proved in this town, the carriages at Fort Hill, of new construction, for 24, 36, and 48 pound cannon, which plan has been given by Mr. Le Maire, Colonel of Dragoons, and tried by himself. There are great advantages known to be derived from these carriages of new construction, as three men can easily move a piece that would otherwise require ten, without being exposed to the fire of the enemy; and can fire the guns that are mounted on those carriages at least four times as fast as the old ones, and can be as easily pointed at any place as a fusee, and as easily and quick turned round to fire at any object. The Hon. Council of this State has favoured the above officer with their presence at proving these carriages, the execution being conformable to what he had proposed by his plan.---The Honourable Council has been pleased to approve much of this plan, and have adopted that construction.

Last week arrived here Capt. Goodwin, in 22 days from Gaudaloupe. About ten days before his arrival, he was attacked by a brig bound from ——— to New-York, laden with about 230 pipes of wine, which brig Captain Goodwin took, and may be hourly expected.

We find by a late paper from Europe, that some account of the storm which overtook General Clinton and the troops that sailed with him last December from New-York for Georgia, had reached England, and made no very agreeable impression on the Ministerial party.

POUGHKEEPSIE, *May* 15.

The following intelligence, we are assured, may be depended upon, from the city of New-York, viz. That a vessel was just arrived there from England, with expresses, advising that a fleet of 12 sail of the line, with transports, and 8000 troops on board, had sailed from Brest for America. And that in consequence of this advice, which occasioned great consternation in New-York, all their vessels of war were immediately ordered down to the Hook.

ANNAPOLIS, *May* 26.

Extract of a letter from Congress to his Excellency Governor Lee, May 19, 1780.

["Circular,]

"SIR,

"Congress have received authentic information, that his Most Christian Majesty is preparing to send a powerful naval and land force to some part of the continent of North-America. This force, generously calculated either to produce a diversion in our favour, or to forward the operation of our arms, by being directed to the same object, may either, by our exertions, be made the means of delivering our country in the course of the campaign from the ravages of war, or being rendered ineffectual, through our supineness, serve only to sully the reputation of our arms, to defeat the benevolent intention of our great ally, and to disgrace our confederacy in the eyes of all Europe.

"Every State, that reflects upon the depreciation of the currency, and their own deficiency in the payment of their taxes, must necessarily conclude, that the treasury is exhausted. The military departments are at a stand for want of money to put them in motion. Congress have no resources, but in your spirit and virtue; upon these they confidently rely. You know the value of the prize for which you contend, nor need you be informed how much you are interested in a speedy termination of this distressing and expensive war.

"But as the smallest disappointment in the requisitions they make may be attended with most serious consequences, they have endeavoured to limit their demands, as not to exceed your power to comply with them."

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 31.

Extracts of different letters from the Southward.

May 12.

"Another disaster has befallen our light horse—Colonel White and Colonel Horry, each at the head of a division, had crossed Santee river at different ferries; the former had proceeded a little way down the country, when he met with and captured a Captain and 14 privates of the enemy's horse: He, upon this, returned to Lanew's ferry, and had actually embarked his prisoners, when the enemy appeared suddenly in force, recovered them, and obliged Colonel White and his Lieutenant Colonel Washington to plunge into the river on horseback, and through the most imminent danger to save themselves from captivity by swimming. Accounts of our loss are various, it is generally thought to amount to 20 men and about as many horses.

May 15.

"Some of the enemy's frigates have landed men on North Island, at the entrance of George-Town Channel, but as they immediately proceeded to burn every house upon the Island, the incursion was no doubt intended to keep them in the habit of mischief, and not for possession. A frigate and two tenders are constantly cruising between the mouth of this river and Georgetown.

May 16.

"Last night arrived a gentleman, whose information agrees exactly with that contained in many private letters received by individuals of this place;—Fort Moultrie is in the hands of the enemy; it had been twice assaulted, and the assailants twice repulsed; Lord Cornwallis then marched against it with 1500 troops, and the marines of all their men of war; upon which Lieut. Col. Scott, having received a summons, surrendered upon terms: The garrison marched out with the honours of war, and laid down their arms. The continental officers and militia were suffered to go into the country upon parole, the continental privates, about 50, detained. The greater part of the regulars in that garrison had been not long before moved into town by Col. Pinckney.

"The enemy have, if we may believe accounts that are well authenticated, made a second attempt upon Charlestown, and have been again repulsed----the loss on neither side has been as yet ascertained, but Col. Simmons is the only officer whom we have reason to think was killed on ours."

On Saturday last the 27th instant, an election was held in this city, for a Member of Assembly, in the room and stead of the Hon. George Bryan, Esq; whose seat in said House is vacated by his accepting of the appointment as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth, when Dr. James Hutchinson, was elected a Representative in his room and stead.

The same day, about noon, a boat going from this city to Pensauken, a little above Petty's-Island was overtaken by a sudden gust, or rather whirlwind, which overset her, when three women were unhappily drowned, two of whom were immediately taken up, and buried the next day; we do not hear of the other being yet found.

And on Monday a young man of this city, attempting to swim his horse across the river Schuylkill, near the Falls, was unfortunately drowned.

Of such Credit is the New State Money, that a Gentleman of high character, resident in this city, has engaged to exchange several Thousand Pounds thereof for Hard Money, Dollar for Dollar.

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, *May* 29.

The BILL, intituled, "An Act to suspend the operation for a limitted time of the several Laws of this Commonwealth, for making the Bills of Credit of the United States a Legal Tender in the payment of debts equal to gold and silver," was read the second time, and being debated by paragraphs, was ordered to be transcribed for the third reading, and in the mean time printed for public consideration.

Extract from the Minutes,
THOMAS PAINE,
Clerk of the General Assembly.

An ACT *to suspend the operation for a limitted time of the several Laws of this Commonwealth, for making the Bills of Credit of the United States a Legal Tender in the payment of debts, equal to gold and silver.*

WHEREAS certain of the Bills of Credit emitted by the Honourable the Congress of the United Colonies or States of America, have hitherto been by the Laws of this State, a legal tender in the payment of all debts, dues and contracts, equal to gold and silver:

AND WHEREAS the total repeal of the said Acts, or the farther continuance of the said Bills as a legal tender equal to gold and silver, would be inconvenient, until therefore some suitable remedy can be found herein;

Be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the several Acts of Assembly of this State, as declare the said Bills of Credit to be a legal tender, equal to gold and silver, shall be, and they are hereby suspended for and during the space of months, and from thence until the end of the next sitting of General Assembly.

Provided always, That this Act, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any debt, contract, bargain or agreement, had, made or entered into since the day of or to any debt or demand, whereupon any distress may be made, or upon which any action or suit shall be commenced in any Court of Law within this State, or to any Sheriff, Attorney in Law or Fact, Executor, Guardian or other person, having received money by legal authority in right of another; but that it shall and may be lawful to make payment in all such cases, as might have been done before the passing this Act.

A QUANTITY of
SICKLES
Prepared for the ensuing Harvest,
MADE and SOLD by
EVAN TRUMAN,
In Front-street, near Pine-street, below the Drawbridge,
Who also makes Smith's BELLOWS and NAILS
Of different Sizes,
And has for Sale a Quantity of SCYTHES. ¶

New-Britain, May 19, 1780.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of ABIAH BUTLER, late of New-Britain, Bucks county, deceased, are hereby requested to make speedy payment; and those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, by the 15th day of June next, that they may be adjusted by ELIZABETH BUTLER, Executrix, and AMOS GRIFFITH, Executor. ¶

Four Hundred Dollars Reward.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 28th inst. (May) from the subscriber, in Philadelphia, a Negroe MAN, named Kit (alias Christopher) about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, the crown of his head bald, stout built, and somewhat round shouldered, has a down look, is very serious, moves slow and rocks in his walk, talks much of past difficulties, and presumes to say he was once free; he is a Guinea Negroe, but was sometime in New-England, and speaks upon that dialect; had on, and took with him, a blue knap coatee, with basket buttons, a light mixed brown German serge jacket and breeches, with worked basket buttons, a check shirt, and a brown country made linen ditto, the sleeves of which are finer than the body, two pair yarn hose, good shoes, plated shoe buckles, and two round hats, one bound with black velvet; there is great reason to suppose he will try to get to New-York; all masters of vessels are charged not to carry him off. Whoever brings home said Negroe, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOHN SHIELDS.

N. B. Strayed away, the 18th instant, a brown and white COW, about 7 years old, has a white belly, and sharp pointed horns. The person that informs where she is will be handsomely rewarded. ¶

Eight Hundred Dollars Reward.

WAS STOLEN last night out of the stable of the subscriber, in the township of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia,

TWO HORSES, viz. The one a large bay, about 15 hands high, 14 years old this spring, paces and trots, a star in his forehead, a white spot a little above the point of his breast, heavy made, spirited and skittish, and is very shy of being bridled; has a pair of old shoes on his fore feet. The other a black horse, about the same height, slim built, and shews some of the English blood, 4 years old this spring, a natural trotter, has a blaze in his face, carries himself well, and has lately had the distemper, the hair yet being off under his jaw; his right hind foot white, a small dent on each side of his neck, no brand, and has never been docked, lately shod before with new shoes, and has pretty large ears. Whoever apprehends the said horses and thief, and secures the thief in any goal, so that he may be brought to justice, and the horses restored to the owner, shall receive the reward of Four Hundred Dollars for the thief or thieves, and Two Hundred Dollars for each horse, and all reasonable charges, paid by

May 29. 1780. * PETER TYSON.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Ridley township, Chester county, a dunish coloured MARE, supposed to be stolen; she was brought into the neighbourhood the 25th of March last. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

May 25, 1780. ¶ JOHN PRICE.

Princeton, May 23, 1780.

Five Hundred Dollars Reward

A MULATTO SLAVE, who it is supposed has been seduced to undertake to carry letters or intelligence into New-York, ran away from the subscriber, and took off with him a dark bay horse, 6 years old, 14 and an half hands high, with two white feet and a blaze, and is a natural trotter. The Slave is near 6 feet high, strong and well made; had on, and took with him, a variety of cloaths, but those he will most probably wear are, a suit of superfine mixt broad cloth, a new red great coat, white stockings, half boots, a black velvet stock and a beaver hat, but little worn. He appears to be 40 odd years of age, speaks good English, reads and writes a tolerable hand, and is a decent and well behaved ingenious fellow, capable of a variety of works. His name is Michael Hoy, but may go by some other, and it is probable he may travel as a servant to a white man who is supposed to have gone off with him; and as such may change his dress. He went off in the night of the 20th instant. *Five Hundred Dollars* will be given, and all charges paid for securing the slave and the horse, or *Two Hundred* and *Fifty Dollars* for either, paid by GEORGE MORGAN.

P. S. A deep blood bay mare, with a black mane and tail, was stolen the same night the above mentioned slave went off, supposed by him or his accomplice. She has a short dock and a lump, that looks like a wind gall or small wen, on the hindermost part of one of her thighs. She is half blooded, pretty old, trots, and is with foal. Six Hundred Dollars will be paid by the Rev. Mr. Smith, of this town, to the person who shall return the mare and convict the thief, or Three Hundred Dollars for the mare alone.

New-Britain, May 26, 1780.

THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber, in New-Britain, Bucks county, on the night of the 23d inst. a young sorrel MARE, four years old this spring; she has not been docked, a large star in her forehead, the near fore foot white as high as her foot-lock joint, her hoofs remarkably long, and the fore hoofs somewhat split, she has not been shod, nor but very little used. Whoever takes up and secures the said mare and thief, so that he be brought to justice, and the owner get his mare, shall have the above reward, or ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY DOLLARS for the mare, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by BENJAMIN JOHN. ¶

Upper Merion township, Philadelphia county, May 11, 1780.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 3d of this instant, an apprentice LAD, named Ezekiel Evans, about 16 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a sleepy looking fellow, dark brown hair, lame in the left thigh; the sore above his knee running; had on, when he went away, a blue coat lined with coarse flannel, the sleeves somewhat lighter than the coat, light cloth waistcoat, tow trowsers, old shoes and stockings, and an old hat. Whoever secures said apprentice in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by ARTHUR CAMPBELL. ¶

Four Hundred Dollars Reward.

STOLEN or STRAYED from the Subscriber, living in Salisbury Township, Lancaster County, on the Night of the ninth Day of May 1780, a Bay MARE, four Years old this Spring, between 13 and 14 Hands high, trots naturally, black Mane and Tail, the Mane inclining to the near Side and had been cut, a long switch Tail, carries low, some white on the hind Feet, shod before, Whoever secures the Thief and Mare, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have the above Reward, and for the Mare only Two Hundred Dollars, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

¶ ADAM GALT.

New-London township, Chester county, May 22, 1780.

WAS broke open, on the night of the 7th instant, the house of the subscriber, and taken from thence the following sums of money, viz. Four Thousand Pounds Continental currency, Nine Pounds in gold and silver; likewise four State lottery tickets, numbers yet unknown, a Captain's commission in the second battalion Chester county militia, inclosed in a striped silk case, drawn and tied with a red ribband, three white stocks, two marked IM, and one marked GW. Whoever will give information of the above property, or any part thereof, sufficient to bring the villain to justice, shall receive the full reward of ONE THOUSAND POUNDS currency, paid by

‡ JOHN M'KEE.

Bucks county, May 22, 1780.

WHEREAS the estates of Joseph Galloway, Gilbert Hicks, Thomas West, and Peter Perlee, late of the county of Bucks, having been in due course of law forfeited and seized to the use of this State; The subscriber, Agent for the said county, hereby gives NOTICE, that the interests and estates of the said Joseph Galloway, Gilbert Hicks, Thomas West, and Peter Perlee, in the following tracts of land, viz.

A LOT of near an acre of land, with a large good stone dwelling-house thereon, conveniently situate for a tavern, at the Four Lane-Ends, in Middletown township, late Gilbert Hicks's, Esquire

A TRACT, containing 170 acres, situate in Warwick township, with improvements thereon, late Thomas West's.

A TRACT, situate in Durham township, containing about 150 acres, with improvements, late Peter Perlee's.

A TRACT, situate in Durham aforesaid, containing 168 acres, with improvements, and is Lot No. 8 of Durham Tract, late Joseph Galloway's, Esquire; also will be sold, Joseph Galloway's right, title and interest to the Stamping-works and Cinder-heap in Durham.

The sales will be held at the Court House in Newtown, on Wednesday, the 28th day of June next.

The terms of sale will be according to law, to wit, one fourth part of the purchase money to be paid in ten days after sale, or the premises to revert again to the State, and the bidder liable to forfeit the said one fourth part of the purchase money; the remainder thereof to be paid in one month after sale; and on a Certificate being produced from the Agent of full payment of the purchase money, a Deed will be given as by law directed.

And to prevent all difficulties with respect to payment, the Agent will attend on the 10th day after sale to receive the first payment, and in like manner on the 30th day after sale to receive the last payment, after which no purchase money will be received, but the premises again sold for the benefit of the Commonwealth.

* GEORGE WALL, Agent B. county.

Philadelphia, May 20, 1780.

WHEREAS the eſtates of John Parrock, Hudſon Burr, John Looſely, Alexander Smith, Abraham Carliſle and Joel Evans, all late of the city of Philadelphia, have, in due courſe of law, been forfeited and ſeized to the uſe of this State.

We, the ſubſcribers, Agents for the ſaid city, do hereby give NOTICE, That the eſtates of the ſaid John Parrock, Hudſon Burr, John Looſely, Alexander Smith, Abraham Carliſle and Joel Evans, within the ſaid city, conſiſting of the following Meſſuages, Lots, Rents and Tenements, to wit,

No. 1. A two ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in tenure of John Patterſon, ſhoemaker.

No. 2. A two ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, adjoining the above, in tenure of George Heyl, taylor.

No. 3. A brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, between Front-ſtreet and Water-ſtreet, in tenure of the widow Coppock.

No. 4. A brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Water-ſtreet, adjoining the above, in tenure of Allen Cathcart.

No. 5. A lot, wharff and ſtores, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet and ſouth ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, containing in breadth 71 feet, and extending in depth from Water-ſtreet into the river Delaware as far as low water mark; the ſtores and wharff in tenure of Colonel Lewis Farmer, and part of the lot under rent to Captain Peter Brown, and part under rent to Iſaac Cathral.

No. 6. Two yearly rent charges, one of 17l. and one of 10l. Pennſylvania currency, iſſuing out of two lots, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Water-ſtreet and eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Saſſafras and Mulberry-ſtreets, in tenure of Sarah Forreſt and William Niles.

No. 7. A yearly rent charge of 2l. 14s. Pennſylvania currency, iſſuing out of a lot on the ſouth ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in tenure of Edward Brooks.

No. 9. A three ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet and north ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, containing in breadth about 16 feet, and in depth about 96 feet, in tenure of Dietrich Metzner.

No. 10. A three ſtory brick meſſuage and lot, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, adjoining the above, containing in breadth about 16 feet, and in depth about 96 feet, in tenure of Abraham Wilt, jun.

No. 11. A lot of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, adjoining an alley which divides this from the laſt mentioned two meſſuages and lots, containing in breadth about 22 feet, and in depth about 51 feet, in tenure of Peter Paris.

No. 12. A lot of ground and wharff, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet and north ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, containing in breadth about 40 feet, and extending in depth from Water-ſtreet into the river Delaware, as far as low water mark, at preſent under rent to the following perſons, for the following ſums, viz.

The widow Saliſbury,	8l.	Pennſylvania currency.
John Patterſon, ſmith,	10l.	
John Flinton,	7l.	
Caſſel and Caſdrop, for the wharff,	32l.	
	57l.	

No. 13. Two yearly rent charges, one of 9l. and the other of 7l. 10s. iſſuing out of two lots of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, between Front and Water-ſtreets, in tenure of Robert Black and the widow Saliſbury.

No. 14. Two yearly rents iſſuing out of two lots of ground, on the ſouth ſide of Saſſafras ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, one of 4l. and one of 3l. 5s. Pennſylvania currency, in tenure of Michael Dawſon and Nathaniel Brown.

No. 15. Four yearly rent charges, one of 3l. 6s. two of 3l. 10s. each, and one of 3l. 2s. Pennſylvania currency, iſſuing out of four lots of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Vine and eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreets, in tenure of George Herger, Adolph Gilman's executors, Frederick Mous and Charles Meredith.

No. 16. Two yearly rent charges, one of 4l. and one of 6l. Pennſylvania currency, iſſuing out of two lots of ground on the eaſt ſide of Second-Street, between Vine and Saſſafras-ſtreets, in tenure of George Peakham, (late of Frederick Rohr, deceaſed) and Jacob Brown: All late the eſtate of the ſaid John Parrock, during the term of his natural life.

No. 17. A two ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Vine and Saſſafras-ſtreets, containing in breadth about 17 feet, and extending in depth about 175 feet to Crown-ſtreet. Late the eſtate of the ſaid Hudſon Burr.

No. 18. A two ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in tenure of Metts and company, ſubject to 2l. groundrent per annum. Late the eſtate of the ſaid John Looſely.

No. 19. A frame ſmith ſhop, brick kitchen and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet and ſouth ſide of Union-ſtreet, in tenure of —— Adams and company, ſubject to a groundrent of 8l. 12s. Pennſylvania currency per annum. Late the eſtate of the ſaid Alexander Smith.

No. 20. A three ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Saſſafras and Mulberry-ſtreets, containing in breadth about 15 feet, and in depth about 135 feet, ſubject to a groundrent of 4l. 10s. Pennſylvania currency per annum. Late the eſtate of the ſaid Abraham Carliſle, deceaſed.

No. 21. A two ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Stamper's alley, between Second and Third-ſtreets, containing in breadth about 16 feet 8 inches, and in depth about 43 feet 6 inches. Late the eſtate of the ſaid Joel Evans.

All which will be ſold by public vendue, at the Court-Houſe in the ſaid city, on Monday, the 26th day of June next. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue from day to day, until the whole be ſold.

The terms of ſale will be according to law, viz. One fourth part of the purchaſe money to be paid in ten days after the ſale, or the premiſes again to revert to the State, and the bidder liable to forfeit the ſaid fourth part of the purchaſe money; the remaining three fourth parts thereof to be paid in one month after ſale; and on a certificate being produced from the Agents, or either of them, of full payment of the purchaſe money, a deed will be given, as by law directed.

And, to prevent all difficulties with reſpect to payment, the Agents will attend at the Court-Houſe on the tenth day after ſale, to receive the firſt payment; and in like manner on the thirtieth day after the ſale, to receive the laſt payment; after which no purchaſe money will be received, but the premiſes again ſold for the benefit of the Commonwealth.

WILLIAM WILL,)
ROBERT SMITH,) Agents.

Philadelphia, May 13th, 1780.

WHEREAS the Eſtates of Joſeph Galloway, John Roberts, Holton Jones, Joſeph Grieſwold, Joel Evans, Peter Campbel, Iſaac Allen, Chriſtian Hook, John Butcher, Oſwald Eve, Chriſtopher Sower, Jonathan Wright, John Wright, Abijah Wright, John Luſburg, Joſeph Comely, John Burk, John Robeſon, Joſhua Knight, Lawrence Fagan, Richard Swanwick, John Parrock, Samuel Shoemaker, Abraham Paſtorious, John Tolley, and William Roden, all late of the county of Philadelphia, having been in due courſe of Law forfeited and ſeized, to the uſe of this State:

WE the ſubſcribers, Agents for the ſaid county, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that the Intereſts and Eſtates of the ſaid Joſeph Galloway, John Roberts, Holton Jones, Joſeph Grieſwold, Joel Evans, Peter Campbel, Iſaac Allen, Chriſtian Hook, John Butcher, Oſwald Eve, Chriſtopher Sower, Jonathan Wright, John Wright, Abijah Wright, John Luſburgh, Joſeph Comely, John Burk, John Robeſon, Joſhua Knight, Lawrence Fagan, Richard Swanwick, John Parrock, Samuel Shoemaker, Abraham Paſtorious, John Tolley, and William Roden, in the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, viz. No. 1, A Tract of Land on Schuylkill, in the Northern Liberties, containing about 45 acres, with a good houſe and other valuable improvements thereon; No. 2, A Tract of Land on Hogg Iſland, being 1-3d part of ſaid Iſland, containing about 105 acres of banked meadow; No. 3, A Tract of Wood Land in Blockly Townſhip, lying on the two branches of Indian Creek, and Haverford Road, late of Joſeph Galloway, Eſquire:

No. 1, A Tract of Land in Lower Merion Townſhip, containing 360 acres, with a good dwelling houſe, two griſt mills, one ſaw mill, and one paper mill, and divers out houſes, all in good order; No. 2, A Tract of Land adjoining the above, containinig 78 acres, with a houſe, &c. No. 3, A Tract of Land on Schuylkill, containing 300 acres, adjoining Frederick Bicking's land, with three dwelling houſes, a powder mill, an oil mill, and a ſaw mill thereon, with other improvements, late of John Roberts:

A Lot of Ground in Germantown of about 2 acres, with a handſome dwelling houſe, ſtore, ſhop, and other improvements, late of Holton Jones:

A Tract of Land in the Northern Liberties, containing 88 acres, with a brick houſe and ſundry other improvements thereon, late of Joſeph Grieſwold:

A Tract of Land in Blockley Townſhip, containing about 50 acres, with 2 dwelling houſes and other improvements thereon, late of Joel Evans:

A Lot of meadow ground in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Greenwich Iſland, near the mouth of Hollanders creek, containing 3 acres, late of Peter Campbel:

No. 1, A Lot of Land on Hickory Lane, of about 5 acres, with the remains of 2 brick houſes thereon; No. 2, A Lot adjoining the above, containing 3 acres, late of Iſaac Allen:

A Lot on Germantown Road, about one and a half miles from the city, about 75 feet front, and 180 feet deep, with the remains of a brick kitchen thereon, late of Chriſtian Hook:

A Tract of Land in Blockley Townſhip, containing 56 acres, late of John Butcher:

One Tract of Land in Oxford Townſhip, containing 202 acres, with a good dwelling houſe, powder mill and other very valuable improvements thereon, late of Oſwald Eve:

A Lot of Ground in Germantown, containing 11 acres, 3 quarters and 36 perches, with a dwelling houſe thereon, late of Chriſtopher Sower:

A Tract of Land in Hatfield Townſhip, containing 100 acres, with a houſe, barn, meadow, &c. thereon, late of Jonathan Wright:

A Tract of Land containing 50 acres, adjoining the above, with a dwelling houſe thereon, late of John Wright:

One other Tract adjoining the above, containing 90 acres, with a dwelling houſe thereon, late of Abijah Wright:

A Tract of Land in the Manor of Moreland, containing 126 acres, with a houſe, barn, meadow, orchard, &c. late of John Luſburg:

A Tract of Land in the Manor of Moreland, of 100 acres, with a houſe, barn, &c. thereon, late of Joſeph Comely:

One other Tract in the Manor aforeſaid, containing 30 acres, late of John Burk:

A Tract of Land in Whitpaine Townſhip, containing about 75 acres, with a good houſe and many valuable improvements thereon, late of John Robeſon:

No. 1, A Tract of Land in Abington Townſhip, containing 100 acres; No. 2, A Tract in Abington aforeſaid, about 22 acres, lying near the Meeting Houſe, late of Joſhua Knight:

A Lot of Ground in Second-ſtreet near the Barracks, containing 18 feet front, and 125 feet deep, with a three ſtory brick houſe thereon, late of Lawrence Fagan:

No. 1, A Tract of Land in New-Providence, containing about 170 acres, with a houſe thereon; No. 2, one other Tract adjoining the above, containing about 100 acres, late of Richard Swanwick:

A Tract of Land in the Northern Liberties, containing 5 acres, with a brick houſe thereon, late of John Parrock:

A Lot of Ground on Poplar Lane, containing about 5 acres, late of Samuel Shoemaker:

One moiety of a Lot of Ground in Germantown, containing 39 acres, late of Abraham Paſtorious:

One Lot of Ground in Catharine-ſtreet, with a two ſtory frame houſe thereon, late of John Tolley:

One Lot in Catharine-ſtreet, 20 feet front, between Front and Second ſtreet, late of William Roden.

The Sales of which will begin, at the Court Houſe at Philadelphia, on the twenty-firſt day of June next, and continue from day to day until the whole is ſold.

The terms of Sale will be according to Law, as follows, to wit, one fourth part of the purchaſe money to be paid in ten days after Sale, or the premiſes again to revert to the State, and the Bidder liable to forfeit the ſaid one fourth of the purchaſe money: The remainder thereof to be paid in one month after Sale, and on a certificate being produced from the Agents or either of them, of full payment of the purchaſe money, a deed will be given as by Law directed.

And to prevent all difficulties with reſpect to payment, the Agents will attend at the Court-Houſe on the tenth day after Sale, to receive the firſt payment, and in like manner on the thirtieth day after the Sale, to receive the laſt payment, after which no purchaſe money will be received, but the premiſes again ſold for the benefit of the Commonwealth.

GEORGE SMITH,) Agents for
WIL. M'MULLIN,) P. County.

The SALE *to begin at Ten o'clock.*

Philadelphia, 16th May, 1780.

BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be Sold by public vendue, in the Meal-market in this city, on the firſt day of June next, at ten o'clock in the morning, A quantity of *Houſhold* and *Kitchen Furniture*; ſeized and taken in execution as the property of John Marſhall, at the ſuit of Edward Hanlon, by

¶ JAMES CLAYPOOLE, Sheriff.

Londongrove townſhip, Cheſter county, May 12, 1780.

One Hundred and Fifty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, on Thurſday night, the 11th inſtant, living in Londongrove townſhip, Cheſter county, an iron grey HORSE, 9 years old, 14 hands high, had no marks, is a natural trotter, and carries lofty when mounted, ſhod all round, and in pretty good order. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall have the above reward, or *One Hundred Dollars* for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS CHAMBERLAIN.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, on the night of the 13th inſtant May, a valuable black HORSE, 5 years old this ſpring, better than 15 hands high, a natural trotter, ſhod before, hurt on the back with the ſaddle, and galled with the collar. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may get the horſe again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ CHARLES WALKER.

FORTY POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, in Walnut ſtreet, Philadelphia, on the 7th inſtant, A Black HORSE, 7 years old, about 14 hands high, ſhod all round, has a mealy noſe, trots and paces. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ VALENTINE REES.

May 17, 1780.

TO BE LETT,

A COMPLEAT FULLING MILL, with two ſtocks, the houſe 28 by 18 feet, two ſtories high, well finiſhed, the dying, ſhearing and preſſing utenſils in good order, the whole being new laſt fall. The ſtream affords plenty of water in the drieſt ſeaſons, and great plenty of work may be had the moſt of the year. It is ſituate in Kent county, Maryland, in a very pleaſant and healthy part of the country. ISAAC PERKINS.

N. B. A millwright, brick-maker and ſtone-maſon, may have employ, by applying as above. ¶ 4 w.

THIS is to give NOTICE for the third and laſt time, that all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. ANTHONY FORTUNE, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the Adminiſtrators, to prevent further trouble; and all thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to receive payment, by

NICHOLAS BERNARD,]
JAMES HAM,] Adminiſtrators.

May 10, 1780. ¶

To be SOLD into the country for a term of years,

A STOUT hearty young Negroe MAN, about 18 years of age, born in the country, and underſtands moſt ſorts of farming work; the true reaſons for parting with him will be told by the owner. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. APTY, in Philadelphia, where he may be ſeen.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method of letting his friends know, and the public in general, that he has moved from the Trapp, on the Reading road, to Philadelphia, the corner of Race and Third ſtreets, to the houſe and ſtables which Henry Funk lately kept, where he has opened a houſe of entertainment for gentlemen, and alſo excellent ſtabling kept in the beſt manner, well ſupplied with good hay and oats. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being well uſed, by their humble ſervant ISAAC CONNELY. ¶

Philad. 5th Month 1, 1780.

A LARGE Quantity of BARK wanted this Seaſon; for which a good Price will be given by the Tanners of Philadelphia and its Vicinity. ¶

THE HIGHEST PRICE
GIVEN FOR CLEAN
COTTON & LINEN RAGS,
BY
HALL & SELLERS.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.